



ZEISS Rotary tables

Specifications

Version: 2020-05



Seeing beyond

Rotary tables extend the range of applications and simplify the measuring procedure

ZEISS rotary tables provide an additional axis, thus simplifying the measurement of rotationally symmetric or prismatic workpieces, and allowing the use of simple stylus combinations and extending the available measuring range.

Rotary tables are primarily used for the measurement of rotary parts featuring periodically recurring geometries such as gear wheels, gear hobbers, rotors and impellers. They simplify and accelerate the measurement and can simultaneously increase accuracy. Another field of application is form measurement of camshafts and crankshafts by scanning. They are also highly beneficial when it comes to measuring prismatic workpieces:

More efficient work with rotary tables.

Shorter set-up times, more flexibility and productivity:

- the effective measuring volume of the coordinate measuring machines (CMMs) increases
- stylus configurations become easier
- parts programming is simplified
- fewer stylus systems are needed
- travel paths are shorter leading to a reduction of temperature influences

Complete integration into measuring software.

The rotary table functions are fully integrated into measuring programs in the basic ZEISS software:

- set to angular positions or rotation at constant speeds
- mathematical correction of all alignment errors
- scanning with rotary table

Measuring convenience through computer-guided range of functions.

Computer guidance is provided for a large range of functions:

- positioning to the rotary table zero point
- positioning and zeroing of the angle measuring system to any angle
- adjustment to any angular increment, positive or negative, absolute or incremental
- division of one table revolution into any number of parts
- with measuring probe: continuous rotation with probe contact and vectorial probing force generation, "scanning with a rotary table"
- integration into CNC measuring runs, including all necessary rotary table functions



Specifications

Overview

		ZEISS RT-RB-100-1 ⁷⁾	ZEISS RT1	ZEISS RT2	ZEISS RT-AB
Design		Roller bearing	Roller bearing	Roller bearing	Air bearings
Installation on coordinate measuring machine	Built-in	-	Standard	-	Standard
	Surface-mounted	Standard	Option	Standard	Option
Drive system		Direct drive	Self-centering, spring-mounted friction-wheel drive	Self-centering, spring-mounted friction-wheel drive	Direct drive
Available torque	in Nm	3.6	20	160	20
Resolution: interpolated	in "	0.0012	0.18	0.18	0.0044
Protection type		IP 52	-	-	IP54

Dynamics

		ZEISS RT-RB-100-1 ⁷⁾	ZEISS RT1	ZEISS RT2	ZEISS RT-AB
Max. angular velocity	in °/s	30	up to 45 ⁶⁾	up to 8 ⁶⁾	30 ¹⁾
					50 ²⁾
Max. angular acceleration	in °/s ²	100	50	11	100
Rotation speed	in 1/min	5	up to 7.5 ⁶⁾	up to 1.3 ⁶⁾	5
					8

Load/permissible moments

		ZEISS RT-RB-100-1 ⁷⁾	ZEISS RT1	ZEISS RT2	ZEISS RT-AB
Maximum tilt moment	in Nm	20	100	400	40
Max. Loading (axial) ³⁾	in kg	100	600 ⁴⁾	2000	600
Max. mass moment of inertia ³⁾	J	in kgm ²	2	20 ⁶⁾	200
					20

Accuracy

		ZEISS RT-RB-100-1 ⁷⁾	ZEISS RT1	ZEISS RT2	ZEISS RT-AB
Deviation of angular position	PW in "	±1	±1	±1	±0.4 ⁵⁾
Angular position repeatability	in "	±0.5	±0.5	±0.5	±0.1
Axial runout	in µm	≤1	≤0.5	≤1	≤0.1
Radial runout (Measurement 50 mm over rotary table)	in µm	≤1	≤0.5	≤1	≤0.2 RT-AB ≤0.1 RT-AB select
Wobble	in "	≤1.4	≤0.7	≤1	≤0.4

- 1) With permissible mass moment of inertia of >8 kgm²
- 2) With permissible mass moment of inertia of <8 kgm²
- 3) Including faceplate
- 4) ZEISS CenterMax 250 kg
- 5) Applies to centric loading
- 6) Depends on CMM type
- 7) Only for ZEISS CONTURA date of manufacture > March 2020

Requirements for operational readiness

		ZEISS-RT-RB-100-1 ³⁾	ZEISS RT1	ZEISS RT2	ZEISS RT-AB
Operating temperature		1 °C - 30 °C	5 °C - 35 °C	5 °C - 35 °C	5 °C - 45 °C
Installation position		vertical and horizontal	vertical	vertical	vertical
Relative humidity		40 % - 70 %	40 % - 70 %	40 % - 70 %	10 % - 80 %
Air pressure	in bar	-	-	-	5
Air quality		-	-	-	DIN ISO 8573-1, Class 1.4.2
Air consumption ¹⁾	(l/min)	-	-	-	approx. 10

Rotary table dimensions, weight

			ZEISS-RT-RB-100-1 ³⁾	ZEISS RT1	ZEISS RT2	ZEISS RT-AB
Weight without faceplate	Fixed installation	in kg	-	85	345	56
	On-table	in kg	36	85	345	73

Faceplate dimensions, weight

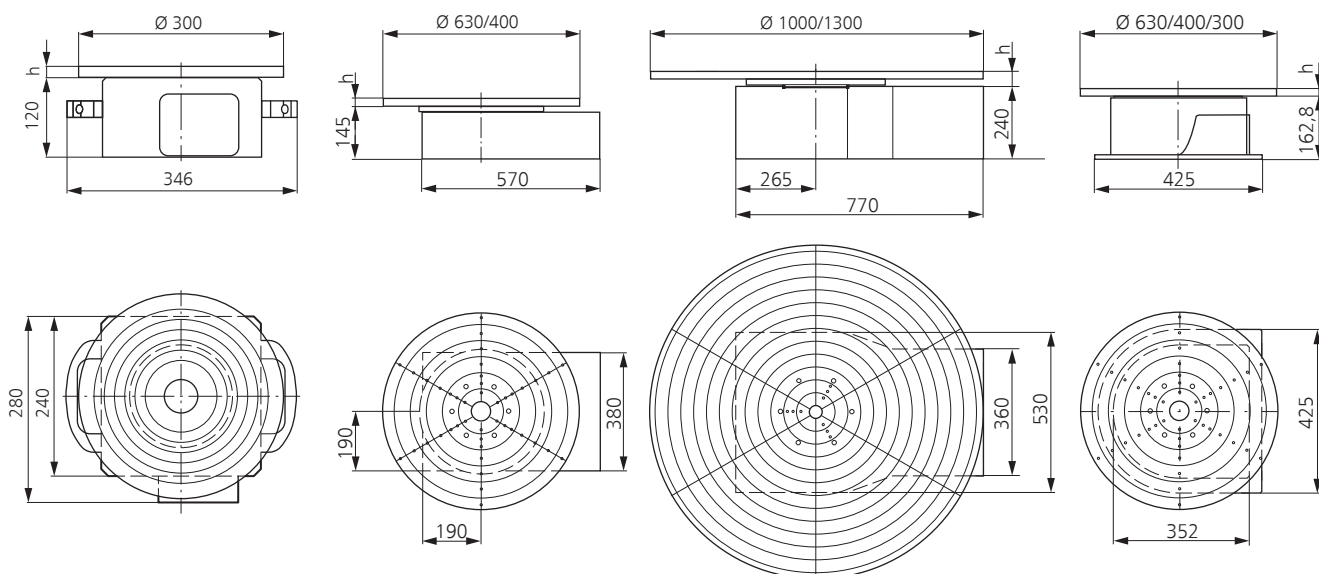
Diameter		in mm	dia. 300	dia. 300	dia. 400	dia. 630	dia. 1000	dia. 1300
Weight		in kg	9	12	22	58	262	429
Mass moment of inertia		in kgm ²	0.1	0.2	0.5	2.3	31	87
Height	h	in mm	19	26	26	36 ²⁾	60	60
Use	ZEISS RT-RB-100-1 ³⁾		■	-	-	-	-	-
	ZEISS RT-AB		-	■	■	■	-	-
	ZEISS RT1		-	-	■	■	-	-
	ZEISS RT2		-	-	-	-	■	■

ZEISS RT-RB-100-1

ZEISS RT1

ZEISS RT2

ZEISS RT-AB



Note: the given dimensions and weights are approximate values. Subject to change.

1) Used air consumption V_n in norm liter.

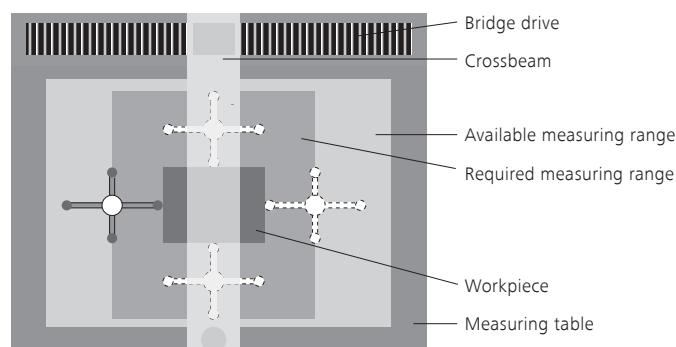
2) RT1 with $\varnothing 630$ mm faceplate: Height = 60 mm

3) Only for ZEISS CONTURA date of manufacture > March 2020

Rotary tables increase the usable measuring range and versatility of your coordinate measuring machine

Rotary tables enable better utilization of the available measuring range.

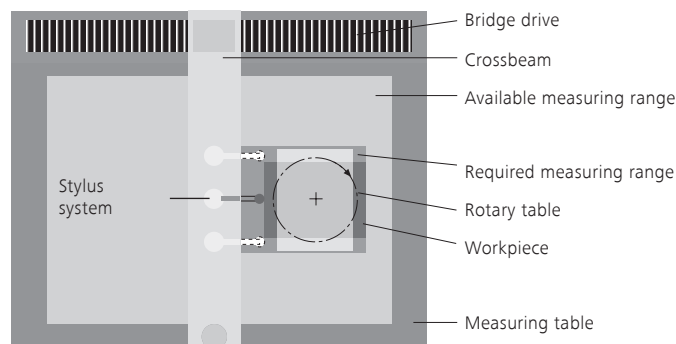
Voluminous styli systems are usually required to measure a workpiece from all sides without a rotary table (top right). This requires either a coordinate measuring machine with a relatively large measuring range, or measurement of relatively small workpieces only with the existing measuring range. A large portion of the measuring range is required to ensure collision-free movement around the workpiece.



Measuring a workpiece without a rotary table requires a large measuring range.

The use of a rotary table delivers the following advantages (bottom right):

- Larger workpieces can be measured in relation to the available measuring range
- A significantly smaller measuring range is required
- A simple stylus system is sufficient
- The stylus system no longer needs to move around the workpiece



Using a rotary table drastically reduces the required measuring range.



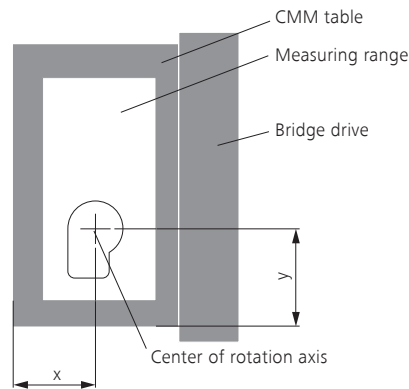
Standard installation positions for rotary tables

Standard installation positions exist for installed versions of rotary tables for the CMMs mentioned below.

The table plate can be prepared for later installation of a rotary table if the cutout is ordered together with the CMM.

Standard positions have not yet been defined for additional CMM types and sizes.

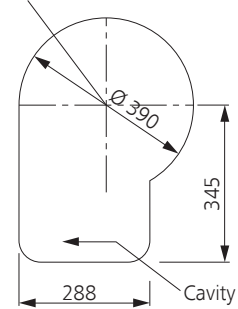
It is not permitted to place any weight on, or clamp parts to, the area of the CMM table cutout or the rotary table cover.



Drawn in standard installation position (front cavity)

ZEISS RT-AB

Installation positions tables



ZEISS RT-AB: Standard installation position (material: granite)

		X x Y (mm)
ZEISS PRISMO	7/9/5	527,5 x 370
ZEISS PRISMO verity	9/yy/7	605 x 370
	12/yy/10	780 x 521,5
	16/yy/10	942,5 x 521,5
ZEISS PRISMO ultra	7/10/5	527,5 x 390 ¹⁾
	9/13/7	605 x 390 ¹⁾
	12/yy/10	780 x 521,5
ZEISS PRISMO fortis	7/12/7	527,5 x 390 ¹⁾
	9/15/7	605 x 390 ¹⁾
	12/18/10	780 x 521,5
ZEISS ACCURA	9/16/8	755 x 577
	12/yy/8 (10)	905 x 577
	16/yy/10	1174 x 677
	16/yy/15	1174 x 677
	20/yy/15	1405 x 677

1) Installation position rotated 90° clockwise (cavity left)



Carl Zeiss Industrielle Messtechnik GmbH
 73446 Oberkochen / Germany
 Sales: +49 7364 20-6336
 Service: +49 7364 20-6337
 Fax: +49 7364 20-3870
 Email: info.metrology.de@zeiss.com
 Internet: www.zeiss.de/imt

Carl Zeiss Industrial Metrology, LLC
 6250 Sycamore Lane North
 Maple Grove, MN 55369/USA
 Phone: +1 763 744-2400
 Fax: +1 763 533-0219
 Email: info.metrology.us@zeiss.com
 Internet: www.zeiss.com/metrology